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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/583,888	03/23/2007	Barry James White	4033. 3004 US	8755
	7590 08/19/200 ENT LAW GROUP, P	EXAMINER		
515 Groton Road			HEINCER, LIAM J	
Unit 1R Westford, MA 01886			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/19/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/583,888	WHITE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Liam J. Heincer	1796				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 M	lav 2008					
	s action is non-final.					
		secution as to the merits is				
·—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Globba in accordance with the practice under E	-x parto Quayro, 1000 0.B. 11, 10	0.0.210.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-9 and 15-19</u> is/are pending in the a	4) Claim(s) 7-9 and 15-19 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-9 and 10-15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 7, 15, 18, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Langer et al. (US Pat. 6,224,893).

Considering Claim 7, 15, and 18: Langer et al. teaches a method of making a semi-interpenetrating network (3:10-15) which comprises a crosslinked chitosan (6:45-50) and anionic hyaluronic acid (4:50-5:2). Langer et al. teaches a mixture of ionically crosslinkable compounds/hyaluronic acid and a covalently crosslinkable compounds/chitosan that forms a semi interpenetrating network (10:8-20). The selective crosslinking would be done by selectively adding covalent cross-linking agents (6:46-54). Since Langer et al. teaches the ionic compound as not being crosslinked, the reaction conditions would inherently be such that the amine groups would not be protonated, and the hydroxyl groups are not reacted, as these would result in the crosslinking of the hyaluronic acid.

Considering Claim 19: Langer et al. teaches the network as additionally comprising other components of the extra cellular matrix (4:1-8).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Langer et al. (US Pat. 6,224,893) as applied to claim 7 above.

<u>Considering Claims 8 and 9</u>: Langer et al. teaches the method of claim 7 as shown above.

Langer et al. does not teach the claimed pH. However, Langer et al. does teach that the pH affects the degree of crosslinking of ionically crosslinkable polymers (1:27-29). Generally, differences in reaction conditions are not sufficient to support patentablility. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have optimized the pH through routine optimization, and the motivation to do so would have been, as Langer et al. suggests, to reduce the crosslinking of the ionic component (1:27-29), thus providing a semi-interpenetrating network which has advantageous degradation properties and enhance mechanical properties (10:8-20).

Claims 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Langer et al. (US Pat. 6,224,893) as applied to claim 7 above, and further in view of Hudson et al., Chitin and Chitosan.

Considering Claims 16 and 17: Langer et al. teaches the method of claim 7 as shown above.

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Langer et al. does not teach using a chitosan from the claimed group. However, Hudson et al. teaches using a partially N-acetylated chitosan with a degree of acetylatinon of from 45 to 55% (pg. 2, ¶3) in a cross-linked chitosan gel (pg. 8, ¶4). Langer et al. and Hudson et al. are combinable as they are concerned with the same field of endeavor, namely chitosan hydrogels. I would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have used the partially acetylated chitosan of Hudson et al. in the composition of Langer et al., and the motivation to do so would have been, as Hudson et al. suggests, this chitosan is soluble at neutral conditions, removing the need for a neutralization step (pg. 5, ¶2).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed May 28, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the synergy between partially acetylated chitosan and a neutral pH) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Currently there are no claims that require both partially acetylated chitosan and a neutral pH.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Liam J. Heincer whose telephone number is 571-270-3297. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday 7:30 to 5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Eashoo can be reached on 571-272-1197. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Mark Eashoo, Ph.D./

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1796

14-Aug-08

LJH

July 30, 2008